# WORDS MATTER. CHOOSE PEOPLE-FIRST LANGUAGE LANGUAGE

### Words have power.

Far too often, when talking about people living with health conditions or who engage in certain activities, we put the emphasis on that condition or activity--reducing people to one thing they have or do.

### By using people-first language and putting the person before the condition, we can change the narrative. tal. dl.

Replace these terms	with these
HIV positive, positives or HIVers; AIDS or HIV carrier; HIV patient, AIDS patient	person/people living with HIV
infected with HIV	diagnosed with HIV; acquired HIV
catch AIDS; contract AIDS	receive an AIDS diagnosis; develop AIDS
full-blown AIDS	AIDS; an AIDS diagnosis
die of AIDS	die of AIDS-related complications
"clean" or "dirty"	DO NOT USE
victim	<b>DO NOT USE</b> when referring to a person with HIV or the sex partner of a person with HIV
prostitute or prostitution	sex worker; sale of sexual services
promiscuous	having multiple partners (avoid value judgments)
unprotected sex	condomless sex with(out) PrEP
"death sentence"	HIV is a chronic, manageable health condition (as long as people are in care and treatment)
AIDS test	HIV test
intravenous (IV) drug user	person who injects drugs; person who uses drugs
sharing needles, syringes, etc.	using non-sterile injection equipment
retarded; mentally defective	person with an intellectual, cognitive, or developmental disability
the disabled; the handicapped	people with disabilities; person with a disability
the deaf; deaf and dumb	person who is deaf
suffers from hearing loss	person who is hard of hearing
afflicted by, stricken with [MS, MD, CP, etc.]	person with multiple sclerosis, muscular dystrophy, cerebral palsy, etc.
epileptic	person with epilepsy
crippled, lame, deformed	person with a physical disability
dumb; mute	person who is unable to speak; person who uses synthetic speech
crazy; nuts	person with a psychiatric disability
bipolar	person with a bipolar diagnosis

### Credit for language on this sheet:

Vickie Lynn, PhD, MSW, MPH, and Valerie Wojciechowicz People First Language: Employer Assistance and Research Network on Disability Inclusion (https://askearn.org/topics/retention-advancement/disability-etiquette/people-first-language/) Thank you!

Replace these terms	with these
has overcome his/her/their disability; is courageous (when it implies the person has courage because of having a disability)	person who is successful; productive
addict	person who uses drugs or person with a substance use disorder
handicapped parking or bathroom	accessible parking or bathroom

## CHOOSE TRANS & GENDER DIVERSE (TGD) INCLUSIVE LANGUAGE

What not to say/do		What to say/do instead
a transgender; transgenders		transgender person; person of trans experience
transgendered		transgender person; person of trans experience
sex at birth; biological sex		assigned gender at birth
biological male; she was a boy; born male		assigned male at birth (AMAB)
biological female; he was a girl; born female		assigned female at birth (AFAB)
"he-she" or "it" when referring to TGD people		use correct pronouns. Ask, "What are your pronouns?"
ask a TGD person what their "real" name is		address a TGD person by the name they provided, or introduce yourself: "Hi, my name is XXX, what's yours?"
ask a TGD person if they have had "the" surger about their genitalia	ry or	Just don't ask.
"tranny" or transvestite		use "trans," "transgender," or others terms a TGD person uses for themselves
use gendered terms for groups such as "hey y guys" or "ladies"	ou	use inclusive terms like "Hey fam," "friends," or "folks"
"real women,""real men"		gender is complicated; don't oppress others
ignore pronouns; joke about pronouns (your own or others'); use incorrect pronouns		use your pronouns when introducing yourself and respect others' pronouns
he/she changed gender/sex		he/she transitioned
sex change operation/surgery		gender-affirming surgery
before he/she became a boy/girl		before he/she transitioned
assume gender based on your perceptions		use non-gendered terminology
refer to TGD people with pronouns or gender terms like "sir" or "ma'am" if you don't know w pronouns they use		ask, "How may I address you?"
disclose a TGD person's identity to others		protect a trans person's identity

What to do if you make a mistake:

- Take a deep breath; don't make it about you.
- Apologize without making it about you; simply say, "I am sorry."
  - Thank them for correcting you.
- Do better moving forward. Using correct language is important.





